The Structure of Greek Grammar

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1. Parts of Speech

+ nouns
+ pronouns
+ adjectives
+ verbs
+ adverbs
+ conjunctions
+ prepositions
+ particles

2. Properties of Inflected Words

+ case
+ gender
+ number
+ person
+ tense
  - aspect
  - time
+ voice
+ mood

3. Inflectional Properties versus Parts of Speech

inflectional property (The "•" means that this poperty is used in matching up nouns and verbs.)	part of speech: noun/pron./adj.	verb	infinitive	participle
case		•		
gender				
number				
person	•			
tense				
voice				
mood				

4. Values of Properties of Inflected Words

+ case
  - Nominative
  - Genitive
  - Dative
  - Accusative
  - Vocative
+ gender
  - masculine
  - feminine
  - neuter
+ person
  - 1st
  - 2nd
  - 3rd
+ number
  - singular
  - (dual)
  - plural
+ tense
  - present
  - imperfect
  - future
  - aorist
  - perfect
  - pluperfect
  - future perfect
+ voice
  - active
  - middle
  - passive
+ mood
  - indicative
  - imperative
  - subjunctive
  - optative

5. Tenses: combinations of aspect and time

aspect	time -> past	present	future
imperfective	imperfect	present	future
aoristic	aorist		
perfective	pluperfect	perfect	future perfect

6. Principal Parts: which principal part is used for each verbal form (combination of tense & voice)

tense/aspect: indicative	voice: A	M	P	participle, infinitive, optative	imperative subjunctive (only aspect)
present	1	1			present
imperfect	1	1		present	(imperfective)
future	2	2	6	future	
aorist	3	3	6	aorist	aorist(ic)
perfect	4	5		perfect	perfect(ive)
pluperfect	4	5			
future perfect	4	5			

(note: the 6th principle part is also used to form verbal adjectives of capability (τός) and necessity (-τέος))

7. Contractions

Contractions of single vowels

	α	ε	η	ο	ω	ι	υ
α	ᾱ	ᾱ	ᾱ	ω	ω	αι	αυ
ε	η	**ει**	η	**ου**	ω	ει	ευ
ο	ω	**ου**	ω	**ου**	ω	οι	ου

Contractions with diphthongs

	αι	ει	ει*	ῃ	οι	ου*	ῳ
α	ᾳ	ᾳ	α	ᾳ	ῳ	ω	ῳ
ε	ῃ	ει	ει	ῃ	οι	ου	ῳ
η	ῃ	ῃ	η	ῃ	ῳ		ῳ
ο	ῳ	οι	ου	**οι**/ῳ	οι	ου	ῳ

* spurious diphthong (formed by contraction)

8. Augments

shorter	longer
α	**η**
ε	**η**
ι	ῑ
ο	**ω**
υ	ῡ
αι	ῃ
ει	ῃ
αυ	ηυ
ευ	ηυ
οι	ῳ

Note: vowels and diphthongs that already begin with a long vowel augment to themselves.